

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong.... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.]

Camp Douglas, U. T., Tuesday Morning, November 8, 1864.

No. 109.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT
CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN.

California and Nevada Volunteers.

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MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS are published in this paper free of charge.

All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

L. W. A. COLE, is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business at Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, IDAHO CITY.

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STS.,

T. GATES, Proprietor.

THIS House, under the supervision of the present proprietor, has been commodiously fitted up with Lodging Rooms for single persons and families.

The Ice Cream Saloon on the first floor has been changed into an Oyster Saloon, and the former patrons and traveling public are heartily welcome to our tables.

IOWA HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERRITORY.

Formerly known as the Planter's House.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.

Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranches on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.

The Overland Stage arrives and departs from this House, April 3rd P. M. SMITH & CO.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

COR. OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

JOHN H. SHOOT, Proprietor.

(Successor to Wm. Sloan.)

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords.

sep3 3m

GOODRICH HOUSE,

Bannack City.....Montana Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

my16m

W. C. GOODRICH.

IDAHO HOUSE,

CORNER OF WALLACE & JACKSON STS.,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

THE undersigned has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate all who may give him a call. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. CARTNER,

Proprietor.

L. P. FISHER,

No. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue,

First Division, District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of the Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City.

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE,

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JOHN W. KERR, M. E. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple St., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe.

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE.....Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing.

31st Main Street, Salt Lake City.

GILBERT & SONS,

Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

31st Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

JAMES LINFORTH,

Commission Merchant,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.

" Austin, Nevada Territory

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah.

S. J. LEES'

Provision Store,

on Main Street.

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment.

PHOENIX SALOON,

First South Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Constantly on hand.

2201st RILEY & SHEPARD, Prop'rs.

GEM SALOON.

In the rear of Brown's Store,

Main St.,

BY SEWELL & GREEN.

If you want good and pure liquors, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want a good cigar, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want to rest and read the latest newspapers, call at the Gem.

sep24-1mp

UNION SALOON,

Greenback's Building, Third door from East Temple Street.

MOORE & EWING.

DEPT WINES LIQUORS AND CIGARS

ASSAY OFFICE

Dr. O. H. Congar,

Mansion House, Great Salt Lake City.

Gold and Silver Bullion and ores of every description carefully assayed, and the correctness of all assays guaranteed.

of Imp't

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MAIN ST., OPPOSITE THE TOWN CLOCK, G. S. L. City.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms.

my71f

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this Mine on the shortest notice.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine, will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864.

CALIFORNIA HOTEL.

State Street, Salt Lake City.

One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of E. M. East, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

Boarding and Lodging.

The table will be always supplied with the best the market affords.

Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable beds, etc.

H. HOPPY,

Proprietor.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

nov1st F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

AUSTIN M. CLARK, J. W. KERR, M. E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN.

GOLD DUST

and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia.

ly1st

Thos. D. Pearce,

Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist.

East Temple street, five doors south of Post Office, Great Salt Lake City.

J. P. TIERNAN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Salt Lake House. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. and from 4 to 9 P. M.

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall.

CALIFORNIA HOTEL!

HUGH HOPPIE, Proprietor.

State Street, Salt Lake City.

FOR SALE!

GUNNY SACKS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Subsistence Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City.

oct11st

HO! FOR THE MINES!!

—THE—

RUSH VALLEY EXPRESS CO.

Having Established a

Semi-Weekly Line of Stages,

The public can now have an opportunity to visit

THE SILVER MINES

—OF—

Rush Valley.

Stages leave the Mansion House, Salt Lake City

Tuesday and Friday mornings.

At 7 o'clock; returning

Mondays and Thursdays.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS.

Time—Eight Hours.

Fare: \$5.00 each way.

Packages carried, and other business attended to with promptness and care.

SHAW BROS. & CO.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 8, '64.

THE LITTLE GRAY BRIDGE.

I stand upon the little bridge

Where I stood thirty years ago,

And leaning o'er the parapet

I mark the rippling streamlet flow,

And say, as Beauflower used to say:

"The years—the years that glide away."

The swallows skim beneath the arch.

Along the bridge the children come,

Poppies and corn flowers in their hands;

From near the school I hear the hum.

The willow boughs still to and fro

Wave as they did years ago.

And there, all nettled up with flowers,

Peeps out my tutor's rectory,

Peering above the laurel hedge.

It seems but yesterday to me

I laid my Horace down and went

To where the slanting pollards bent.

And still the great weeds waving float

Beside the creases olive brown;

And there the crimson spotted trout,

And the forget-me-not I note;

Yet, Postume, O Postume!

Between us rolls Death's silent sea.

Of in our intervals of work.

We laid down Ælipsis, and ran

To bask upon this bridge and talk

Of all the tutor's ways, good man;

And Beauflower grave and wise women

say:

"The years—the years that glide away."

Under the keystone of the arch

The sunny glimmer seems to play,

As when we threw the speckled fly

Just where the big trout lurking lay.

Until we heard the tutor call

Over the ivy-colored wall.

And then the rector would come forth,

And chide us to our crabbed books:

And Heenba and all her woes

Recalled us from the crawfish brooks,

From Latin jokes, and quips and cranks,

And idle basking on the banks.

Poor Beauflower! he lies now at rest,

Beside the Wurra Gurra's tide,

Far from his kith and kin, and her

Who loved him more than all beside.

Time mocks, the cruel crowned Harpy!

Men's motto—"Carpe diem, carpe!"

And there's the little village church,

Where, thirty years ago, so proud,

We heard our tutor preach—his text

"As early dew; and as the cloud;"

And when we knelt to join in prayer,

The black-birds' piping filled the air.

The rector and poor Clara dead!

Well, I shall take the evening train,

And plunge into the city's roar,

And calm this throbbing at my brain.

The dream of life it fades to-day—

"The years—the years, they pass away."

—Chambers' Journal.

An Ovation to General Joe Hooker.

The overrunning enthusiasm of

the people at the present time

broke out spontaneously last evening

in an ovation to General Joe

Hooker, who happened to be present

at a Union mass meeting in

the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

The house was packed with an

immense audience, to whom Senator

Wilson was speaking, when

Hooker entered. The instant

"fighting Joe" was recognized,

the audience sprang to their feet

with rousing cheers and most enthusiastic demonstrations.

The people are full of joy, and every public man prominently identified with the great cause which is now progressing so triumphantly, will be seized upon at sight for an outpouring of the tide of hearty feeling.

Gen. Hooker finally came forward on the platform and briefly addressed the audience as follows:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—I need not tell you that I am to-day unprepared for this; I cannot, and I do not take this demonstration or any part of it to myself. I am not worthy of this reception.

["Yes you are, and cheers."] I am

not more worthy of it

The Daily Union Vedette.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 8, 1864.

To-Day's Election.

On this the day of election for President of the United States, it would be very appropriate to examine into the probable results of success on either side, together with such success for one or the other political party.

But inasmuch as we suppose that it is tactically if not verbally admitted on all hands, that Lincoln will be re-elected by a very large majority, we can very well omit the making such resume as above referred to. Were the result to be otherwise, we should be almost tempted to doubt the soundness of Republican principles, and should certainly consider this the blackest day for the Government of the United States that has yet transpired in our history.

The reports, however, from nearly all the State elections heretofore held, and the indications otherwise, all tend to show that the well-wishers of the Union have no reason to be alarmed, and that a triumphant election of our honored President is to be the sure result of to-day's election—a result pregnant with success to the cause of law, order and good government, as opposed to treason, misrule and anarchy.

Of one thing the public may rest assured, that but few, very few votes will be cast for the Chicago nominee in any Camp of soldiers of the Union, and that though the timorous, the Home Guards and the weak kneed supporters of the Union may be found depositing their ballots against the plain principles on which the Government was founded—yet soldiers who have fought or offered their services in the cause of the Union, will be found depositing their ballots on the same side, for the success of which they offered their vigorous arms and ready weapons.

To-day decides whether the Goddess of Liberty shall sit triumphantly on the throne of freedom, or whether she shall be trampled in the dust, and America be stained and forever damned with slavery and the shackles of bondage. To-day decides the issue between a Union of a country hereafter to be blessed with prosperity to all—to-day decides the fate of the American nation whether it shall stand bold and defiant to all the world, unblemished and unstained—or whether tyranny, despotism and oppression, shall cloud and forever deface its history. It is a day for either the glorious salvation or the bitter humiliation of the Union. Let every struggle—let every effort, and every nerve be put forth for the lasting extermination of slavery—for the crowning victory of this war—for the crushing blow to this atrocious rebellion, and for the overwhelming defeat of the party who nominated Geo. B. McClellan. May the officers and soldiers of Gen. Connor's command in this district, never have it recorded that one single ballot was cast on the 8th day of November, 1864, for G. B. McClellan; but that the footing up of their votes may be announced as Lincoln and Johnson to a man—one and all.

A MONSTER TRIAL AT BOLOGNA.—A gang of several hundred malefactors lately ravaged the Romagna, robbed a bank at Genoa in mid-day, and made Bologna almost uninhabitable. The Papal government had allowed these malefactors to pursue their depredations with impunity, and there was reason to suspect the complicity of the Papal police. It is to the credit of the Italian government to have at length brought these ruffians to justice. What might be truly called a monster trial was recently going on at Bologna, and 100 prisoners were on trial. In order to secure this formidable body of desperadoes, an iron cage had been constructed in the court, through the bars of which the counsel for the defense communicated with the prisoners, like keepers in the Zoological Gardens with wild beasts. When this first batch of scoundrels is disposed of, some 600 more remain to be tried on the same charges.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE UNION DAILY VEDETTE.]

Nashville, Nov. 5th.

A rebel force attempted to cross the Tennessee at the mouth of the Blue water on the 3d inst., but were repulsed by the Federal forces with considerable loss.

Three regiments of rebel cavalry are reported between Decatur and Cortland. Forrest with his cavalry force is reported near Johnsonville.

Yesterday at daylight the gunboat Undine, captured a few days since by the rebels, came through the chute at Reynoldsburg island and landed the rebel troops, who then fired her and left. At 8 o'clock, the gunboats Key West and Elfin, steamed down near the west side of Reynoldsburg island from Johnsonville and engaged a rebel battery of 24-pounder parrotts. The gunboats were driven back badly damaged to Johnsonville. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the enemy's batteries above and below Johnsonville, opened on the disabled gunboats; they responded until their ammunition was exhausted and then blew up the boats. The crews are at a Fort in Johnsonville. This morning the rebels commenced crossing in the boats of the Undine, about five miles above Johnsonville. Two flatboats were also used. No fighting has taken place to-day. The rebels are engaged burying their dead. The gunboats from Paducah are in sight, and reinforcements have arrived. Gen. Schofield takes command of the Post of Johnsonville.

Intelligence from below Florence says, the larger part of Hood's army is still south of the river and out of rations and clothing, subsisting on the country.

New York, Nov. 6th.

It is officially announced to-day that Gen. Butler is in command of the Department of the East.

Over 10,000 troops arrived here within the past two days to report to Butler.

Officials claim to possess information that a plan for a riot on election day, was fully matured. A large number of Southerners who have been in the city several months, are said to be banded for that purpose.

Buffalo, Nov. 6th.

The following is an extract from a letter received here to-day, by the editor of the Express, from Danville, C. W., dated Saturday the 5th:

"Look out for a raid on Buffalo from Toronto and Hamilton, on Tuesday. The advance guard is at Fort Erie and Suspension Bridge, or will be on Monday. The head quarters are at Toronto. Some leading Canadians direct the movements. The raiders are not all Southerners."

The writer also asserts that most of them are northern Democrats. The letter is signed by John B. Halley.

Suspension Bridge, Sunday, November 6th.

An excitement exists at the American side, at the anticipated raid. Citizens are arming, and goods and valuables are being removed. A special train with troops are expected here to-night.

New York, Nov. 6th.

The Herald's Army of the Potomac special says: The regular rainy weather is successor to Indian summer, and appears to have set in before Richmond and Petersburg, causing a temporary cessation in active operations. There is no relaxation of vigilance in necessary military work. Affairs along the line remain in about the same satisfactory position in which they were left on the conclusion of Grant's reconnaissance on the 27th.

Gregg has been breveted Maj. Gen. His commission dating from the engagement at Ream's station on the Weldon railroad, August 26th.

The Times' Atlanta special says: Atlanta has been completely isolated for several weeks. At one time it was feared

the provisions were giving out. No danger is apprehended from that source now. Forage for animals was wanted some weeks ago, but forages into the surrounding country have supplied all immediate wants.

The latest dispatches from Sherman states that the road is clear, and railroad communication re-established.

New York, Nov. 7th.

Richmond papers of the 4th have the following concerning the sinking of the Albatross and capture of Plymouth: A dispatch says the capture of Plymouth, N. C., by the enemy, is explained by later accounts. A lack of sufficient watchfulness on the part of our troops seems to have been the prime cause of the loss of the town. It seems that on Thursday night a party of eighteen men belonging to the blockading fleet in Albemarle Sound eight or ten miles from Plymouth, took a small torpedo boat and started for Plymouth, and on the way found a small boat containing six of our men, in the river, stationed there as a picket guard, but all of them being asleep they were taken prisoners. Then proceeding to Plymouth they found the Albatross at her wharf, and running the torpedo boat under her amidships, blew her up, causing damage from which she soon sunk. The infantry was stationed on the wharf, who were fired on by the assaulting party, and after the Albatross sunk captured the whole of them. No one was killed and only one wounded. There was no force of the enemy near Plymouth, with the exception of five or six gunboats in the sound, but the loss of the Albatross opened the Roanoke to them, hence the fall of the town. Capt. Roberts is stated to have commanded the Albatross. It is understood that there were no lives lost on the Albatross. There were very few men on board at the time of the explosion of the torpedo.

New York, Nov. 6.

From the Herald's correspondent it appears that Sherman has sent the 4th corps to Decatur to operate against Hood, while with the remaining five corps of his army he has moved to Atlanta, and is in all probability about to inaugurate an offensive campaign from that point, thus ignoring the fortune of the existence of Hood or leaving him to prosecute his campaign into Tennessee at his leisure.

New York, Nov. 7th.

Gen. Butler, by direction of the President and by assignment of Gen. Dix, commanding Department of the East, has assumed command of the military forces of this State, for the purpose of preserving order until after the Presidential election, and preventing the execution of the supposed design of the rebels and rebel sympathizers to carry out a systematic plundering and burning raid in our principal cities. Butler, in an official order, assures the citizens they need not apprehend any interference with their rights or privileges as electors, as his subordinates are instructed to strictly refrain from anything of the kind—his only object being to preserve peace.

Superintendent Kennedy has issued an order to members of the Metropolitan police, instructing them to enforce to-morrow throughout the district compliance with the State law, requiring that no intoxicating liquors be sold on election day, that no box for distribution of tickets shall be erected within one hundred and fifty feet of a polling place, and that no unjustifiable physical force shall be used either by policemen or citizens to incite or intimidate electors.

INDIAN MURDERS.—Near one hundred persons were killed by Indians along the Platte and Arkansas rivers during the late outbreak.

ATTACK BY INDIANS.—We find the annexed in the Humboldt Times of October 8th:

From a letter of our Ingha correspondent, we gather the following particulars in relation to an attack recently made by the Indians upon a soldiers' camp at Soldiers' Grove, distant some fifteen or eighteen miles from Camp Ingha. He says:

"The party of scouts who were out so long have returned. On the 26th, private O'Connor, Cox and Channey, of Company C, preceded the main body for the purpose of hunting game, and made their camp at Soldiers' Grove. When about to retire for the night they were attacked by a body of Indians numbering five to nine, and Cox was wounded in the side by an arrow. O'Connor and Channey immediately sprang to their guns, and Cox, despite his wound, pulling the arrow from his side caught up his rifle, and the three charged upon the red devils, who were within eight or ten feet of them. They fired their pieces, but do not know with what result. They withdrew immediately from the vicinity of the fire. The redskins sharpened their wits for them during the remainder of the night. When daylight made its appearance they moved further out on the plain, where, making Cox as comfortable as circumstances would permit, who by this time was suffering excruciatingly, when they prepared to give the scoundrels battle, who seemed to enjoy the fun much. Several shots were fired, but without effect. The boys tantalized them in every way, daring them to come out and give them a fair fight. This continued until nine or ten o'clock, when the main body, under Sergeant Musser, coming up, the Indians concluded to 'change their base.' Cox is supposed to be mortally wounded."

We have since learned that Cox has died.

MURDER OF A SOLDIER.—A special to Korne's Press, dated Stroudsburg, Oct. 6th says:

"A cold-blooded murder was perpetrated about seven miles from this place, yesterday, by some of the Copperhead League, which has formed throughout the whole country, the members of which are sworn to shoot any soldier or other person who comes here to carry out the law and the commands of his superior officers. It has been organized chiefly to secure drafted men who have refused or avoided reporting themselves. The murder took place in Price township, Monroe county, and the victim was Leander K. Dease, a resident of your city, a private in Captain Stewart's Independent Railroad troop, and a highly respectable young man. He, together with a detailed squad, was engaged in serving notices upon drafted men of that township. Whilst riding along a country road heavily skirted with bushes, and within a short distance of the house of a Mr. Jacob Miller, the squad was fired upon by some of these leagued traitors in the bushes. The volley struck but one—that one Dease, who was instantly killed. He was shot through the heart and lungs; one bullet passed entirely through his head, four buckshot lodged in it, and one passed through his wrist. His comrades immediately placed themselves on the offensive, and had a lively skirmish with the Copperheads, who, true to the instincts of that animal, still covered in the bushes. Two were caught, named Miller and Leese, and brought to this town last night. They were sent to Philadelphia to-day."

NARROW ESCAPE.—The Pajaro Times of Oct. 8th, says:

On Tuesday night a bad accident occurred to the stage running between San Jose and Santa Cruz. There has been for the last two weeks an extensive fire raging in the mountains, and on Tuesday it was burning on both sides of the road. When the stage arrived on this side, near the crossing of Bean creek, the driver found the heat so great that he was compelled to put whip in order to escape being roasted. The smoke was so dense that he could not see the road ahead but drove rapidly on the bridge, which was on fire, spanning the creek. The leading horses got across safely, but the wheelers were not so fortunate, both going down between the charred and burning timbers. One horse recovered himself and cleared the fire; but the other was so firmly wedged in that it was found impossible to extricate him until he was so badly burned that the driver, as an act of humanity, was compelled to kill him to end his sufferings. Fortunately the coach happened to strike the cross-timbers of the bridge, which had not yet been so far consumed as to give way; otherwise the passengers must have been precipitated to almost certain death in most appalling form. The balance of the trip was made with two horses.

EMBALMING A LIVE MAN.—A miraculous escape from the horrors of being buried alive has taken place in New Orleans. A person by the name of Martin was supposed to have died from disease of the heart, and to every outward appearance was dead. The attending physician had given his certificate of burial, certifying to the cause of death, and the supposed corpse had been prepared, shrouded in the habiliments of death and encoffined. Near and dear ones had shed tears over the loss of one whom they supposed dead, and whose body they had carefully prepared for the silent precincts of the tomb, when the fortunate thought suggested itself that the body should be embalmed. The necessary steps were taken, the coffin carefully closed up, and the body sent to an embalming establishment adjoining Bell Union stables, on Carondelet street. Here the process of embalming was in due time entered upon. It appears that in the process which preserves the body from immediate decomposition, the preserving quality is infused into the system by means of an incision into the main artery of the arm. The incision with a lancet is in the same manner as in the case of blood-letting. The embalmer had commenced his work by making the necessary incision, and to his surprise he discovered blood freely oozing from the vein. He knew there must be life where blood would flow, and desisted from his work of embalming. In a few minutes more there was a slight motion of the body, and presently the man in the coffin made an effort to raise himself, and with assistance did rise up and speak. Gentle restoratives were administered, and he was soon able to converse, and he desired to know how it was that he found himself in a coffin, clothed in a shroud. The matter was soon explained to him; his friends, to their joy, were advised of what had taken place, and he was sent to the hospital instead of the grave, where he is in a fair way of recovering. This is, indeed, a miraculous escape from the clutches of death.—Sac. Union.

FRIGHTFUL CALAMITY IN OREGON.—The Oregonian (Portland) of October 18th, says:

A terrible calamity happened to Mr. Gwinn, of Eola, Polk county, as he was driving his team to this city, yesterday, with a load of flour. He was accompanied with his family, and when about nine miles west of Portland, in a section where the woods were on fire by the roadside, a burning tree fell across his wagon, the crash resulting in severe injury to Mrs. Gwinn and her infant child, and killed a little son three years of age. The father escaped with a few scratches. It is thought the infant cannot live. A little girl was also badly injured. Coroner Hicklin was called to attend the case, from whom we learn the particulars. The tree was a tall dry fir, and had burned off some fifty feet from the ground. The top fell from that height and struck on the opposite side of the road, falling back across the forward wheels of the wagon, which were crushed flat. The team was preceded by another, a few rods, and they had stopped for a moment, Mr. Gwinn being away from his wagon a few steps, at the instant of the calamity.

NOBLE FELLOWS.—An Illinois regiment, whose term had expired, recently arrived at St. Louis for the purpose of being mustered out of service. On hearing of Price's invasion the Colonel of the regiment called the men together and told them of the fact, when it was unanimously resolved to petition Gen. Rosecrans to send them to the front, and the General at once accepted their services. There is true, genuine, unadulterated patriotism for you! These veterans had faithfully served out their three years' service; but abandoning the hope and pleasure of soon seeing their friends at home, they at once enlisted in the good work of expelling the invader, and no doubt did good work in the recent successful campaign in Missouri.—Ex.

HORSE-SHOES BY MACHINERY.—A comparatively new branch of industry is making horse-shoes by machinery. The shoes turned out are as much superior to the old hand-made shoes as modern cotton fabric is to the product of the hand-loom. And so much has the introduction of machinery cheapened the process that machine-made shoes can be sold by the ton at about the same price as there were formerly sold by the pair. The necessity of reducing the price of the products of hand-labor, the machinery has met with much opposition; but it really meritorious production, it will make its way to general use in spite of it.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Local Matters.

The National Minstrel Troupe in their second entertainment at our Theater, fully convinced the public of their proficiency in minstrelsy. Their performances are of that description that a person can visit them without witnessing a dull, dry and monotonous cast of characters, and without hearing repeated old sayings, which in course of time become a nuisance. Their wit is good, and their "take offs" on the various subjects which they light upon, afford an evening of real solid good fun and amusement. Billy Sheppard is the lion of the Troupe, and to pronounce him a jolly good humored imitator of the old fashioned plantation darkey, is the simple plain truth. We have seen the "Essence of old Virginia" danced by the Christy, Buckley, Wood and Peel's troupes, in New York, and we never saw it done in better style than by Billy Sheppard. They give another performance on Wednesday evening at the Camp Theater.

It is their intention, if possible, to procure a hall in the city. We wish they may, and recommend them to the people of Salt Lake City as a Star Minstrel Troupe in every sense of the word, and they are deserving the patronage of all who appreciate a good performance.

Col. Rob't Pollock, late commander of the 3d Reg't of Inf'y, C. V., leaves our Camp to-day for the Presidio of San Francisco, where a commission awaits him as Col. of the 2d Inf'y, C. V. No officer could leave this Camp more esteemed as a gentleman or more respected as the soldier's friend. Col. Pollock is a thorough soldier, and the officers and men of the 2d Inf'y have reason to be proud of their new commander. The Col. will leave his family in Camp, we understand, for some weeks.

Our newly organized Band made their appearance at the regular Sunday Dress Parade on the 6th inst., and although they have been together but about two or three weeks, they play exceedingly well. With study and close application they will soon be worthy of the laurels gained and richly deserved by their predecessors.

Mr. Thomas B. Gately, late R. Q. M., 3rd Inf'y, C. V., with his family, leaves for San Francisco to-day. Messrs. Francis M. Griffin and W. H. Dodds, late 1st Lieutenants of the same Regiment, also leave for California to-day.

DIED.

In Salt Lake City, Friday, Nov. 4th, of consumption, ELMER T. FINEKEL, aged about 26 years.

The deceased had been for some time prior to his death connected with the Overland Stage Line as Assistant Division Agent, and by his kind and unobtrusive deportment had won for himself many warm friends, who deeply mourn his loss.

At Camp Union, Sacramento, Cal., Oct. 31st, of congestion of the brain, James Davis, Co. B, 8th Inf'y, C. V.

MANSION HOUSE,

Corner Emigration street and State Road,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The undersigned having located themselves at the above House, beg leave to respectfully inform the public, in general, that they intend to make it in every respect a

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.

They have also leased the new and commodious adobe stable on the premises, in which every care will be taken to keep the stock in the best of health.

The attendance of the Emigrant is particularly solicited.

HAILE & McGOVERN.

FREIGHTER WANTED

TO HAUL

20,000 POUNDS

of Merchandise from lower California.

W. A. BODENBURG & HANN.

FOR SALE!

GUNNY BAGS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Substantive Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City.

NOTICE!!

A meeting of the Members of Rush Valley Smelting Company will be held at Camp Douglas, U. T., Wednesday, Nov. 5th, at 12 m. R. K. REED, Pres't.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

MAY FLOWER SALOON.

J. KEAN & CO., Prop'rs.

Three doors south of Scott, Kerr & Co's Banking House.

THE above Saloon having been newly fitted up by the present proprietors, is constantly supplied with the

Finest Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

The only place in the City where Kangaroo Cocktails, Equinoctial Punches and Botany Bay Tom and Jerry's are served in style.

Call and see the Orphan Boy.

JAS. G. SPRATT, JR., N. TOWN, M. BRANHAM, Va. City, M. T., S. L. City, U. T., St. Louis, Mo.

Spratt, Todd & Branham

Att'ys and Counsellors at Law.

Agents for the sale of Quartz Claims, and General Collectors of Debts. Office over T. D. Brown's, G. S. L. City. Refer to Scott, Kerr & Co., Clark & Co., Bankers.

BOUNTIES! BOUNTIES!!

The Highest Price Paid for

CALIFORNIA BOUNTIES,

—AT THE—

San Francisco Clothing House.

nov3th AARON NEWFIELD.

National Corral and Liv'ry Stable

NEXT TO NATIONAL

HOTEL, 1ST SOUTH TEMPLE

STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

THE subscribers have fitted up in good style a Stable and Corral, and are now able to furnish

GOOD SADDLE ANIMALS

—AND—

Splendid Turn-Outs

to all who may favor them with their patronage.

HORSES GROOMED AND BOARDED

BY THE DAY OR WEEK.

4th MOREHOUSE & WALL.

FROM THE EASTERN MARKET!

—AND—

JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

—AND—

GOODS!!

—AND—

VARIETY TOO GREAT

TO

—AND—

ENUMERATE!

—AND—

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established

House in

SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot,

call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this

house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call

at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call

at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GEN-

TELMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE

always kept at this House; also, a fine

OYSTERS AND LUNCHEON ROOM,

where everybody can be served on the shortest

notice by TOMMY CONLY or MR. ANSELL.

Lunch Room open day and night, also on

Sundays.

Saloons Hours: from 10 o'clock in the morning

until 10 at night.

GILBERT & SONS,

1034 Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Groceries,

Provisions,

Clothing,

Hardware,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Stationery,

School Books,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

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ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

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N. S. RANSOFF & CO.

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NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

—AND—

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete stock

of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Dressing Stuffs,

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of various shades,

Straw matting, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Rope of all sizes, Haws and Queens-

THE GOOD CAVALRY HORSE—A

writer in an English journal says:
I have lived on horseback for the last forty-five years; have ridden through Arabia, Persia and Circassia; have possessed and ridden horses of Europe, Asia, Africa and America; and I concur in Mr. Gickinson's views. What is required to constitute a good roadster and cavalry horse? He should have strength of loins, making him quick in getting his hind legs under him, which gives freedom and rapidity to his forelegs; his neck should be arched, he should have free shoulder action, and it is essential that he should bend his knee, which causes him to slightly draw his foot back in putting it down, making his action firm and sure; and thus, when his blood is up "he awalloweth the ground." Such a horse obeys the motion of the rider, making the horse and rider one—a quality essential in the horse of the dragoon when using his sword.—Such a horse joyously reminds the rider that the celebrated description of the horse in Job, though poetic, is no mere poetical exaggeration. It is the picture of the true horse.

WHO BEGAN THE WAR?—We desire to call attention to a little fact connected with this rebellion. The charge is often made that this is an abolition war, begun by Lincoln. After the firing upon the Star of the West, Senator Wigfall of Texas, made the following declaration in the United States Senate:

"Mr. President we have insulted your flag. We fired upon the Star of the West, and forced her to show her heels, and you dare not resent it!"

There is the statement of the leader of the traitors in the Senate. Is there a craven in a loyal State to-day who will take the above and then get down on his knees and plead for peace at the hands of these rebels as the Copperheads did in the Chicago Convention?—Is there a man who can be so much of a slave and a coward? Men who support McClellan belong to that class who dare not resent the insult to the flag and the country. They are lost to honor and pride, and are cowards worthy the name of American citizens.—Nevada Transcript.

THE LONDON TIMES ON AMERICAN BIG GUNS.—The London Times, after rehearsing the results of some experiments made at Shoeburyness with an Armstrong 600-pounder concludes that this weapon is capable of smashing through the strongest sea-going armor clad that could be got to float, at a distance of 4,000 yards, or even more; and it then informs its readers that "the Americans have literally hundreds of 600-pounder guns, and have just succeeded in casting, at Pittsburgh, a 26-inch gun to throw a spherical shot of 1,600 pounds." It thinks the result of the experiments it reports proves that we are not "altogether wrong" in trusting to heavy shots at low velocities, and frankly acknowledges that there is no charge of powder that could be expected to send the 1,600 pound shot out of its gun which would not at close range "be sure to tell with almost sinking effect on the very best of our iron-clads." That will do for the Times. Even Englishmen, it seems, learn wisdom by experience.

DISSOLUTION.

The Banking firm of POWERS, NEWMAN & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, SMITH, KERR & CO., at their old place of business.

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.
S-T. City Sept 1st 1864

VEDETTE C. & E. M. COMPANY

WEST MOUNTAIN MINING DISTRICT, U. T.
September 18th, 1864.
Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D. 1864, so much of the stock standing in the names of the following shareholders, as will be necessary to pay all delinquent assessments thereon; together with the expense of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City on Monday the third day of October next, at 12 o'clock P. M.

NAME.	SHARES.	AM'T.
C. B. Wall	200	\$100 00
Dan McLean	200	\$100 00
N. E. Eldred	200	\$100 00
W. H. J. hu	200	\$100 00
Mrs. D. McLean	200	\$100 00
A. W. Bailey	200	\$100 00
Mrs. G. B. O'Leary	200	\$100 00
Mrs. C. B. Walte	175	\$87 50
Titus	25	\$12 50
Williamson	25	\$12 50
Albert Sinclair	200	\$100 00
Arthur Helts	175	\$87 50
Josiah Hoemer	150	\$75 00
Dan Sullivan	100	\$50 00
Appleby	25	\$12 50
Francis Honey	20	\$10 00
Adam Craft	150	\$75 00
Amy Frances	25	\$12 50
Abraham Harkiss	25	\$12 50
J. C. Ferguson	100	\$50 00

H. O. PRATT, Secretary.
The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. H. O. PRATT, Secretary.
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 31, 1864

EXCELSIOR GARDENS,

Twelfth Ward, Salt Lake City.
The Excelsior Gardens and Nursery is now open for the reception of visitors, and supplied with the choicest and best
Fruits, Flowers and Plants.
Arrangements will be made by next Spring to provide superior accommodations for Picnic parties.
FRANK KOX, Proprietor.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING AND A FEW COMFORTABLE beds, for a limited number, may be had at the residence of the undersigned, two blocks west of the Salt Lake House. Prices to suit the times.
WM. P. APPLEBY.

HELLER & SNYDER,

Auction and Commission Merchants,
Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)
WILL sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.
Wanted: Produce of all kinds. 1864

CHANGE OF TIME.

A. J. OLIVER. | H. A. CONOVER. | ED. HOUSE.

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.,

Express Line.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Monday and Thursday over the new cut-off.
Nearest route by

70 Miles—Time—4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, twenty-four, to forty-eight hours.
Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in Trunk, or anything they choose to take.
Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers will know to the community at large.

STAGES FOR EAST BANNAK

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time—Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN, Agent.
Salt Lake City, Sept. 17th, 1864.

Notice.

Jordan Silver Mining Company, West Mountain Mining Dist. U. T.
NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California (under which the Company is incorporated) and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 6th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Secretary's Office (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

No. of Cert's.	No. of Shares.	Ass't.	Amount.
Daniel McLean	272	20	2,345.50
N. B. Eldred	273	20	2,345.50
L. Washburn	234	5	45.50
R. H. Willard	263	1	45.50
Unknown	222-280	10	17.50

By order of the Board of Trustees.
C. W. CARLTON, Secretary.
The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. C. W. CARLTON, Secretary.
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 3d, 64.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

Freight to Virginia City!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 24, 1864.

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,

BARLEY,

OATS,

FLOUR

OR HAY.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 24, 1864.

THE

DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card and Job

PRINTING

OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

PRINTING OFFICE

—OF—

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

—AND—

Printing Material

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC. ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains: and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

September 24, 1864.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, Salt Lake City.

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

Between

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California.

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS,

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUNFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN MOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchinson leave every day at 4 A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHINSON.

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Wells Wells, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via Boise City, Idaho City, Idaho.

Time to Denver.....Six days
Time to Atchinson.....Twelve days
1864 W. L. HATSEW. Agent.